

T 2134 EN**Type 9 Temperature Regulator**

Self-operated Temperature Regulators · ANSI version

**Application**

Temperature regulators with mixing or diverting valve designed for plants that are heated or cooled using liquids
Control thermostats for set points from **15 to 480 °F / -10 to +250 °C** · Three-way valves in nominal sizes **NPS ½ to 6 / DN 15 to 150** · Pressure rating **Class 150 and 300** · Temperatures up to **660 °F / 350 °C**

Note

Typetested temperature regulators (TR), safety temperature monitors (STM) and safety temperature limiters (STL) are available.

The regulators consist of a three-way valve and a control thermostat with temperature sensor, set point adjuster with excess temperature protection, capillary tube and operating element.

Special features

- Low-maintenance proportional regulators requiring no auxiliary energy
- Wide set point range and convenient set point adjustment
- Three-way valve with plug balanced ¹⁾ by a stainless steel bellows, optionally available with a plug arrangement to mix or divert liquids
- Flow rate across the port AB independent of the valve plug position
- Valve body optionally made of cast steel or cast stainless steel
- Versions with double adapter and manual adjuster for temperature limiters or attachment of a second control thermostat (► T 2036 for details)

Versions

Type 9 Temperature Regulator with three-way valve · Type 2119 Valve NPS ½ to 1: unbalanced · NPS 1½ to 6: balanced · Class 150 and 300 · Type 2231 to 2234 Control Thermostat

Three-way valves with optional plug arrangements for either mixing or diverting service. Further details on the application of thermostats can be found in Information Sheet ► T 2010.

Type 2119/2231 (Fig. 1) · With Type 2119 Valve and Type 2231 Control Thermostat · Suitable for liquids · Set points from 15 to 300 °F (-10 to +150 °C) · Set point adjustment at the sensor

Type 2119/2232 (Fig. 2) · With Type 2119 Valve and Type 2232 Control Thermostat · Suitable for liquids and steam · Set points from 15 to 480 °F (-10 to +250 °C) · Separate set point adjustment · With clamping gland for larger immersion depths

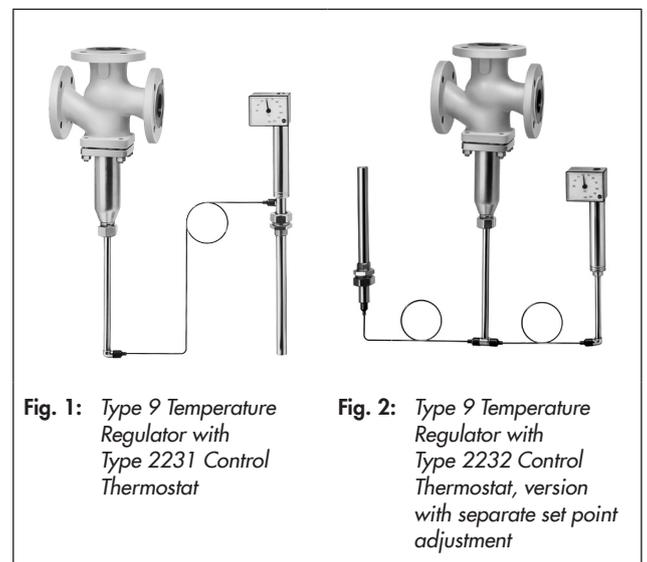


Fig. 1: Type 9 Temperature Regulator with Type 2231 Control Thermostat

Fig. 2: Type 9 Temperature Regulator with Type 2232 Control Thermostat, version with separate set point adjustment

Type 2119/2234 · With Type 2119 Valve and Type 2234 Control Thermostat · Suitable for liquids, air and other gases · Set points from 15 to 480 °F (-10 to +250 °C) · Separate set point adjustment

Special version

- 33 or 50 ft (10 or 15 m) capillary tube length
- Sensor of CrNiMo steel
- Capillary tube, copper with plastic coating
- Valve entirely of stainless steel (at least 1.4301)

¹⁾ NPS ½ to 1: not balanced

Principle of operation (see Fig. 3 and Fig. 4)

The regulators operate according to the liquid expansion principle. The temperature sensor (11), capillary tube (8) and operating element (7) are filled with an expansion liquid. The temperature-dependent change in volume of this liquid causes the operating element to move and, as a result, also moves the plug stem (5) with the attached plug (3).

The position of the plug determines the flow rate of the heat transfer medium across the area released between the seat (2) and plug (3). The temperature set point is adjustable with a key (9) to a value which can be read off from the dial (10). In the balanced valves (NPS 1½ to 6), the pressure at port B acts through a hole in the plug stem (5) onto the outer surface of the balancing bellows¹⁾ (4.1), whereas the pressure at port A acts onto the inner bellows area. This equalizes the forces acting onto the valve plugs (3).

In mixing valves (see Fig. 3 with plug arrangement I), the process media to be mixed enter at valve ports A and B. The combined flow exits the valve at port AB. The flow rate from A or B to AB is determined by the area released between the seats (2) and plugs (3), i.e. by the position of the plug stem (5). When the temperature rises, port A opens and port B closes.

In diverting valves, in contrast, the process medium enters at the valve port AB and the partial flows exit at ports A or B. The flow rate from AB to A or B is determined by the position of the plug stem. Diverting valves have the plug arrangement II (see Fig. 4). When the temperature rises, port A closes and port B opens.

Installation

– Valve

The thermostat connection (6) must face downwards. Other mounting positions on request.

Make sure the direction of flow complies with the required service type, i.e. mixing or diverting service.

– Capillary tube

The capillary tube must be run in such a way that the ambient temperature range cannot be exceeded, any deviations in temperature cannot occur and that the tube cannot be damaged. The smallest permissible bending radius is 2" (50 mm).

– Temperature sensor

The temperature sensor can be installed in any position as required. Its entire length must be immersed in the medium. It must be installed in a location where overheating or considerable idling times cannot occur.

Only the combination of the same kind of materials is permitted, e.g. a stainless steel heat exchanger with thermowells made of stainless steel 1.4571.

– Thermowell

Type 2231

The sensor of the control thermostat can be used with or without a thermowell. The standard thermowell length is 290 mm/11.4".

Type 2232

The sensor of the control thermostat can be used with or without a thermowell. The standard thermowell length is 235 mm. The version with clamping gland can be used for larger immersion depths (max. 600 mm/23.6" possible with

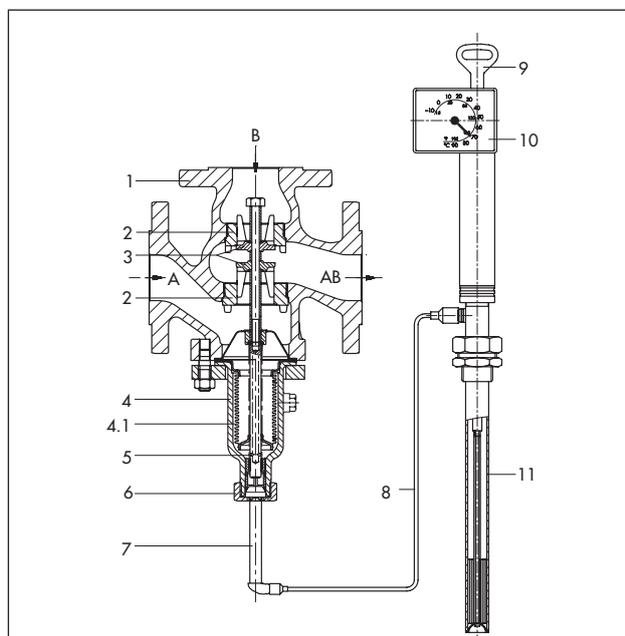


Fig. 3: Type 9 Temperature Regulator with three-way valve (NPS 2) and Type 2231 Control Thermostat, three-way valve with plug arrangement I (the arrows indicate mixing service)

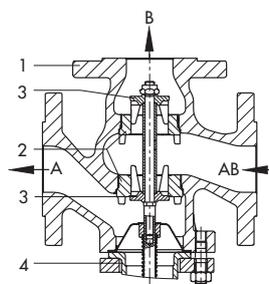


Fig. 4: Type 9 Temperature Regulator with three-way valve, with plug arrangement II (the arrows indicate diverting service)

Three-way valve		Control thermostat	
1	Valve body	6	Thermostat connection (threaded nipple with coupling nut)
2	Seat (exchangeable)	7	Operating element
3	Plug	8	Capillary tube
4	Bottom section (bellows housing)	9	Set point adjustment key
4.1	Balancing bellows	10	Set point dial
5	Plug stem with spring	11	Temperature sensor (bulb sensor)

SAMSON thermowells). It is also possible to use non-SAMSON thermowells provided on site with different immersion depths. In this case, the immersion depth of the sensor can be varied as required depending on the length of the capillary tube.

For reasons of safety and because the function to seal the sensor is missing, the use of the clamping gland is only permitted with a thermowell.

Type 2234

The sensor of the control thermostat can only be used without a thermowell. The maximum sensor length is 460 mm/18.1".

¹⁾ Valves in NPS ½ to 1 have unbalanced plugs

Table 1: Technical data · All pressures (gauge) The listed permissible pressures and differential pressures are restricted by the specifications in the pressure-temperature diagram and the pressure rating.

Type 2119 Three-way Valve											
Pressure rating					Class 150 and 300						
K _{VS} coefficients and max. permissible differential pressures Δp in bar											
Connection		NPS	½	¾	1	1 ½	2	2 ½	3	4	6
Mixing valve	C _V in gal/min		5	7.5	9.4	23	37	60	94	145	230
	K _{VS} coefficient in m ³ /h		4	6.3	8	20	32	50	80	125	200
When p in B > p in A	Δp in psi		145			230		145			120
	Δp in bar		10			16		10			8
When p in A > p in B	Δp in psi		75			50		45			30
	Δp in bar		5			3.5		3			2
Diverting valve (when AB to A or B)	C _V in gal/min		5	7.5	9.4	23	37	50	77	117	185
	K _{VS} coefficient in m ³ /h		4	6.3	8	16	32	40	64	100	160
	Δp in psi		60			50		45			30
	Δp in bar		4			3.5		3			2
Permissible temperature of the valve			430 °F/660 °F (220 °C/350 °C) · See pressure-temperature diagram in ► T 2010								
Conformity			CE · ENEC								
Type 2231 to 2234 Thermostat											
Size 150											
Set point range (set point span 100 K)			15 to 195 °F, 70 to 250 °F or 120 to 300 °F · For Types 2232 and 2234 also 210 to 390 °F, 300 to 480 °F								
			-10 to +90 °C, 20 to 120 °C or 50 to 150 °C · For Types 2232, 2234 also 100 to 200 °C, 150 to 250 °C								
Perm. ambient temperature at the set point adjustment			-40 to +140 °F/-40 to +80 °C								
Perm. temperature at the sensor			100 K above the adjusted set point								
Perm. pressure at sensor		Type 2231	Without/with thermowell: Class 300 · Thermowell with flange: Class 150/300								
		Type 2232	Without/with thermowell: Class 300 ¹⁾ · Thermowell with flange: Class 150/300 ¹⁾								
		Type 2234	Without thermowell: Class 300 · With flange on request								
Capillary tube length			16 ft (33 or 50 ft as special version/5 m (10 or 15 m as special version)								

¹⁾ The version with clamping gland can be used for larger immersion depths (max. 600 mm/23.6" possible with SAMSON thermowells). It is also possible to use non-SAMSON thermowells provided on site with different immersion depths. In this case, the immersion depth of the sensor can be varied inside the thermowell as required.

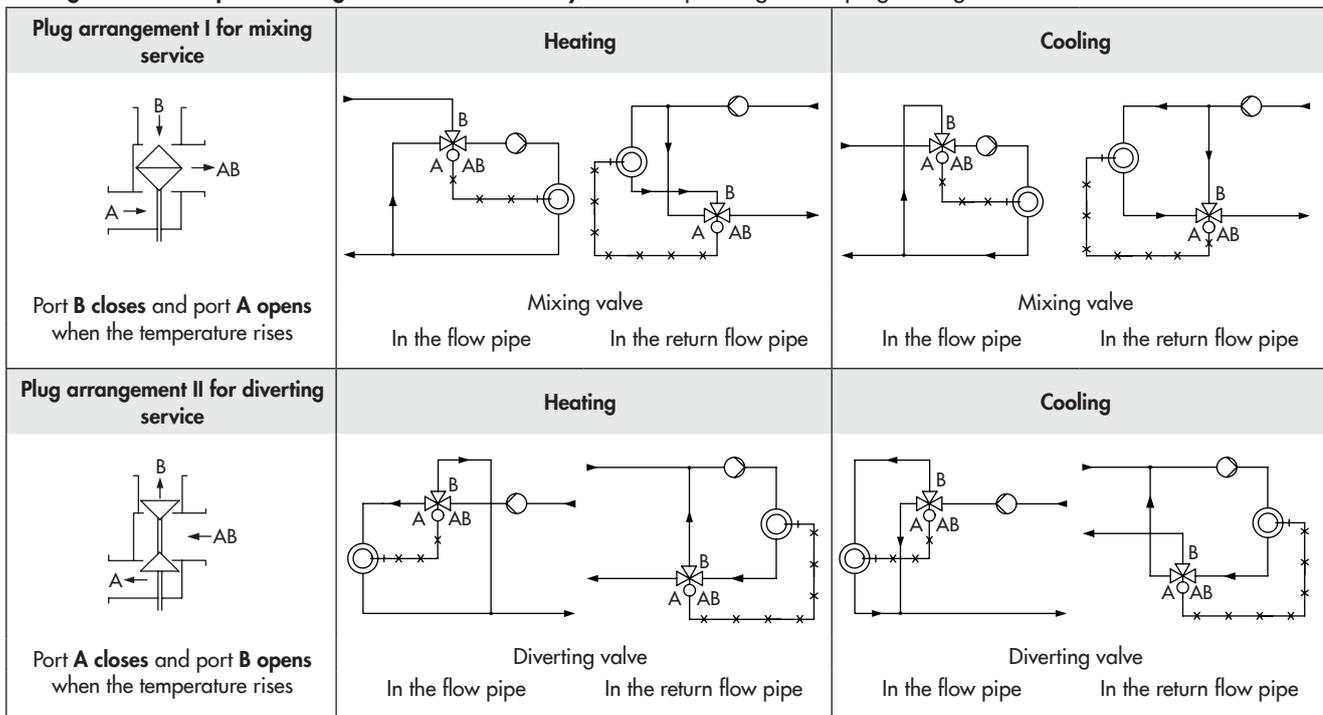
Table 2: Materials · Material numbers according to DIN EN

Type 2119 Three-way Valve		
Nominal size	NPS ½ to 6	
Pressure rating	Class 150 and 300	
Body	Cast steel A216 WCC	Cast stainless steel A351 CF8M
Seat and plug	Steel 1.4006 (1.4301 in NPS 6)	
Plug stem/spring	1.4301/1.4310	
Balancing bellows ¹⁾	1.4571	
Bellows housing	1.0425	1.4571
Seal	Graphite on metal core	
Extension piece/separating piece	Brass (special version: stainless steel 1.4301)	1.4301
Types 2231, 2232 and 2234 Thermostats		
Version	Standard version	Special version
Operating element	Nickel-plated brass	
Sensor	Type 2231	Bronze
	Type 2232	Bronze
	Type 2234	Copper
Capillary tube	Copper	Plastic-coated copper
Thermowell		
With threaded connection (1 NPT)	Thermowell	Bronze, steel, copper ²⁾
	Threaded nipple	Brass · Steel
With flanges	Thermowell	Steel
	Threaded nipple	Steel

¹⁾ NPS ½ to 1: without balancing bellows

²⁾ Class 125 only

Arrangement of temperature regulators with three-way valves depending on the plug arrangement in valve · Schematics



Typetested safety devices

The register number is available on request.

The following versions are available:

Temperature regulators (TR) with a Type 2231, 2232 or 2234 Thermostat and a Type 2119 Three-way Valve in sizes NPS ½ to 6, for which the maximum operating pressure must not exceed the maximum permissible differential pressure Δp specified in the technical data.

Sensors without thermowell: applicable up to 600 psi (40 bar)

Sensors with thermowell: only use SAMSON 1 NPT version made of bronze or stainless steel 1.4571 up to 600 psi (40 bar).

Further details on the selection application of typetested equipment can be found in Information Sheet ▶ T 2040.

Additionally, the following are available:

Safety temperature monitors (STM) and **safety temperature limiters (STL)**. Details in Data Sheets ▶ T 2043 and ▶ T 2046.

Dynamic behavior of the thermostats

The dynamics of the regulator are mainly determined by the response of the sensor with its characteristic time constant.

Table 3 lists the response times of SAMSON sensors operating according to different principles measured in water.

Table 3: Dynamic behavior of SAMSON thermostats

Principle of operation	Control thermostat Type	Time constant [s]	
		Without Thermowell	With Thermowell
Liquid expansion	2231	70 s	120 s
	2232	65 s	110 s
	2234	15 s	– ¹⁾
	2213	70 s	120 s
Adsorption	2212	– ¹⁾	40 s

¹⁾ Not permissible

Table 4: Dimensions in mm and weights

Type 2119 Three-way Valve		NPS	½	¾	1	1½	2	2½	3	4	6
L	Class 150	inch	7.25			8.75	10	10.9	11.75	13.9	17.75
		mm	184			222	254	276	298	352	451
	Class 300	inch	7.5	7.6	7.75	9.25	10.5	11.5	12.5	14.5	18.6
		mm	190	194	197	235	267	292	318	368	473
H2	Class 150	inch	3.6			4.4	5	5.4	5.9	6.9	8.9
		mm	92			111	127	138	149	176	225.5
	Class 300	inch	3.8	3.8	3.9	4.6	5.3	5.8	6.3	7.2	9.3
		mm	95	97	98.5	117.5	133.5	146	159	184	236.5
H1	Up to 430 °F Up to 220 °C Without extension piece	inch	9.25				12.2			14	19.3
		mm	235				310			355	490
	Up to 660 °F Up to 350 °C With extension piece	inch	14.8				17.7			19.5	24.8
		mm	375				450			495	630
H	Up to 430 °F Up to 220 °C Without extension piece	inch	20.7				23.6			25.4	30.7
		mm	525				600			645	780
	Up to 660 °F Up to 350 °C With extension piece	inch	26.2				29.1			30.9	36.2
		mm	665				740			785	920
Weight ¹⁾ , approx.	lb	13	15.5	17.5	33	46.5	68.5	75	110.5	231.5	
	kg	6	7	8.5	15	21	31	34	50	105	

Thermostat	Type	2231	2232	2234
Immersion depth T		11.4" (290 mm) ²⁾	9.25" (235 mm) ²⁾	18.1" (460 mm)
Weight, approx.		7 lb (3.2 kg)	8.8 lb (4.0 kg)	8.1 lb (3.7 kg)

¹⁾ +10 % for Class 300

²⁾ Larger immersion depths on request

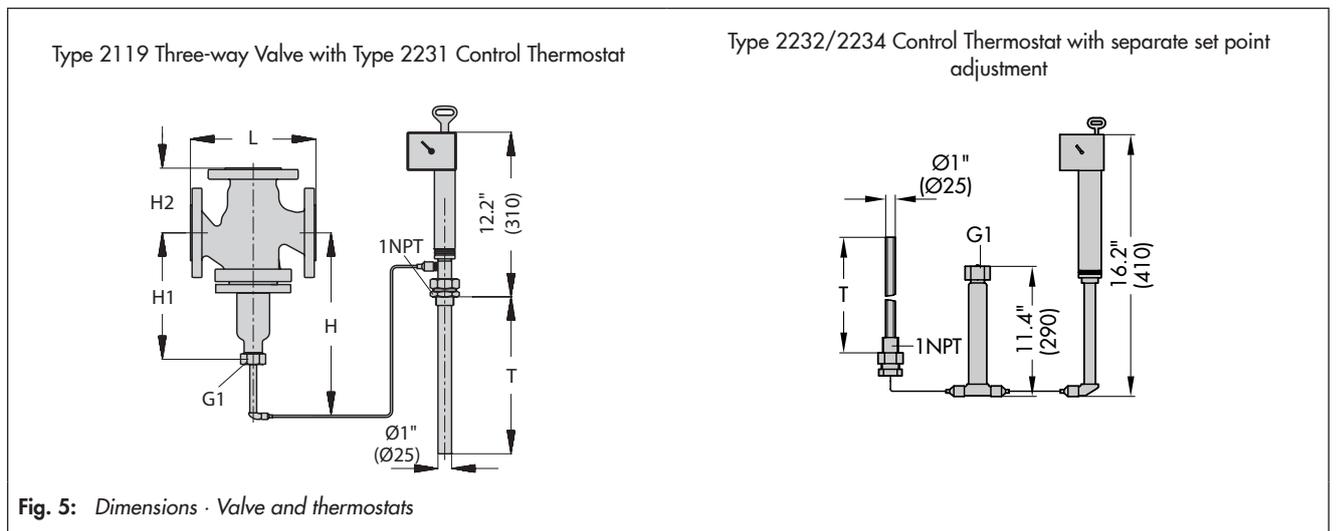


Fig. 5: Dimensions · Valve and thermostats

Accessories

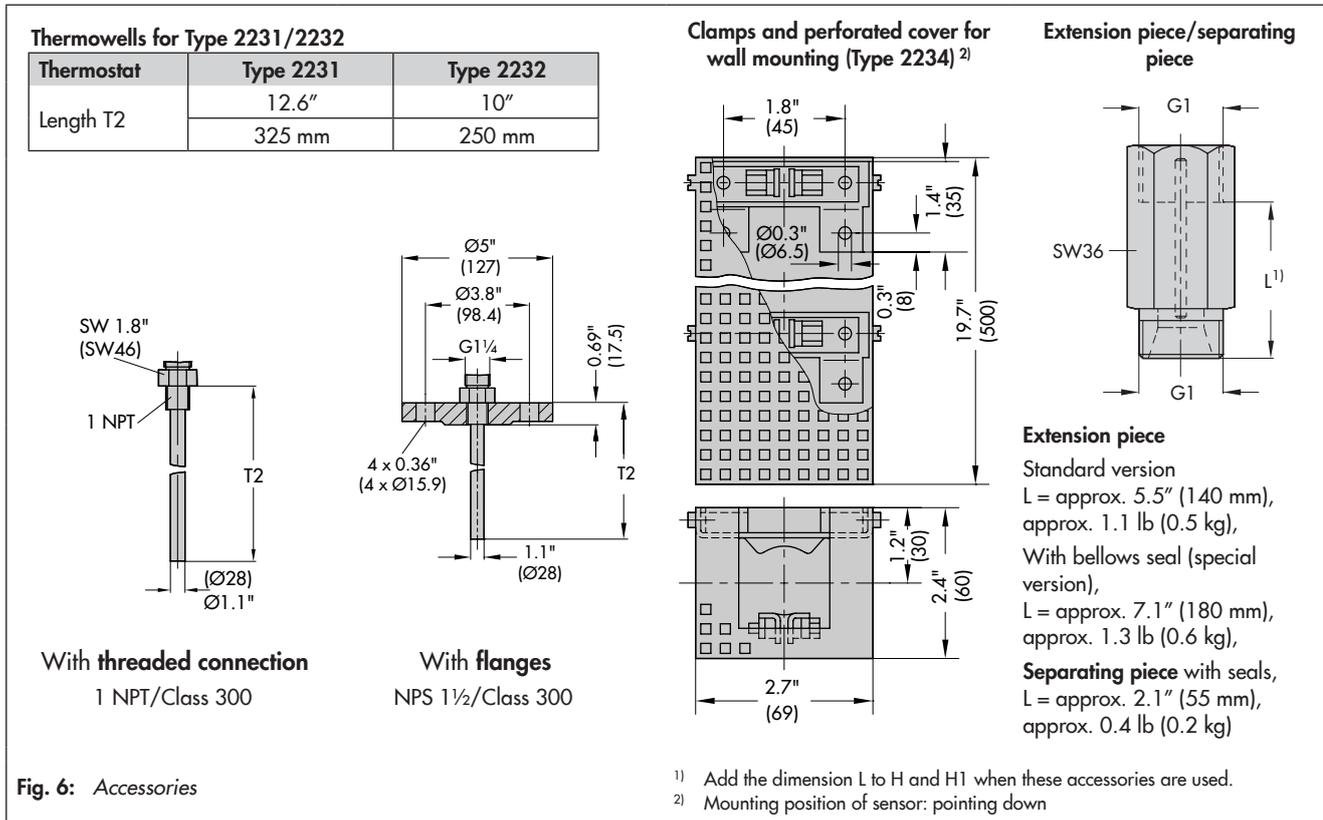


Fig. 6: Accessories

Accessories

Thermowells with threaded or flanged connections for Types 2231 and 2232 Bulb Sensors · 1 NPT threaded connection, Class 300, made of bronze/steel or CrNiMo steel
NPS 1½ flanged connection, Class 300, with thermowell made of CrNiMo steel/steel

Mounting parts for Type 2234 · Clamps for wall mounting · Perforated cover for thermostat

To protect the operating element from inadmissible operating conditions, an **extension piece** or **separating piece** must be installed between the valve and the operating element.

An **extension piece** is needed for temperatures over 430 °F (220 °C). The standard version does not have sealing. The special version of the extension piece for NPS ½ to 4 is made of stainless steel and has a bellows seal. It additionally acts as a separating piece.

Separating piece made of brass (for water and steam) or CrNi steel (for water and oil)

A separating piece must be used when a seal between thermostat and valve is required. Separating pieces made of CrNi steel must be used when all wetted parts are to be free of non-ferrous metals. In addition, it prevents the medium from leaking while the thermostat is being replaced.

Do2 double adapter for second thermostat · DoS with electric signal transmitter

Manual adjuster Ma with travel indicator · **MaS** with electric signal transmitter

Reversing device for NPS 2½ to 4 (item no. 1180-8098). Installed between thermostat connection and operating element with capillary tube. This allows the operating direction to be reversed when the regulator is installed incorrectly in the pipeline.

Ordering text

Type 9/... Temperature Regulator

NPS ...,

Mixing or diverting valve,

Body material ..., Class ...,

With Type ... Thermostat,

Set point range ... °F (°C),

Capillary tube ... ft (m),

Optionally, special version ...

Optionally, accessories ...